Weighted Averages for Duke's Fuqua School of Business/ CFO Magazine Business Outlook

	June 2005 March 2005		Dec. 2004	Sept. 2004*
	Expected growth	Expected growth	Expected growth	•
'	in next 12 months	in next 12 months	in next 12 months	
Earnings growth**	+10.1%	+10.4%	+11.5%	+13.4%
Capital spending**	+4.5%	+5.4%	+3.8%	+4.7%
Sales Revenue	+7.3%			
Advertising and marketing spending**	+2.9%	+0.9%	+2.3%	+4.8%
Technology spending**	+5.8%	+3.8%	+4.9%	+5.8%
Employment**	+1.4%	+1.7%	+0.8%	+3.1%
Outsourced Employment**	+6.5%	+2.7%	+4.3%	+6.4%
Wages and Salaries**	+3.4%	+3.3%	+3.3%	+4.1%
Productivity**	+3.6%	+3.0%	+3.9%	+3.4%
Change in prices**	+2.1%	+2.0%	+1.7%	+1.9%
Health Care Costs**	+8.9%	+9.0%	+8.4%	+8.8%
Dividends**	+6.5%	+4.6%		
Mergers and Acquisitions**	39.4% increasing 8.6% decreasing			
Business Terrorism Index (out of 100)	Not asked	Index: 18.0 Hurting bottom line: 34.9%	Index: 19.4 Hurting bottom line: 36.4%	

^{*}From survey conducted by Duke University (i.e., not from joint Duke/CFO Magazine survey)
** numbers for public firms only.

BUSINESS OPTIMISM

Duke's Fuqua School of Business/ CFO Magazine Business Outlook

•	June 2005	March 2005	Dec. 2004	Sept. 2004*
	Compared to	Compared to	Compared to	Compared to
	last qtr.	last qtr.	last qtr.	last qtr.
Optimism about the U.S.	More optimistic:	More optimistic:	More optimistic:	More optimistic:
economy	40.1%	46.4%	54.2%	55.7%
	Less optimistic:	Less optimistic:	Less optimistic:	Less optimistic:
	25.9%	17.7%	20.5%	24.4%
	No change:	No change:	No change:	No change:
	34.0%	35.8%	25.3%	19.9%
Optimism about own	More optimistic:	More optimistic:	More optimistic:	More optimistic:
company	53.7%	51.9%	61.0%	59.3%
	Less optimistic:	Less optimistic:	Less optimistic:	Less optimistic:
	22.2%	19.8%	16.2%	20.6%
	No change:	No change:	No change:	No change:
	24.2%	28.3%	22.7%	20.1%

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Other Key Results for June 2005 survey

- Business Optimism at a 3-year low
- 83% of CFOs say that Fed funds rate of 4% would slow U.S. economic growth
- Rising energy and raw material prices leading to price increases at 53% of firms
- Free-floating Chinese currency would help 15% of U.S. firms, hurt 11%
- Congress's #1 task should be to reduce federal budget deficit
- Only 16% of European CFOs are optimists, nearly half are pessimists, about their own countries' growth prospects
- Employment will fall 0.7% in Europe, with 38% of firms laying people off

Top Concerns for U.S. Businesses

- Health Care Costs
- High Fuel Costs
- Increased Interest Rates
- Reduced Pricing Power
- Fear of increased Regulation